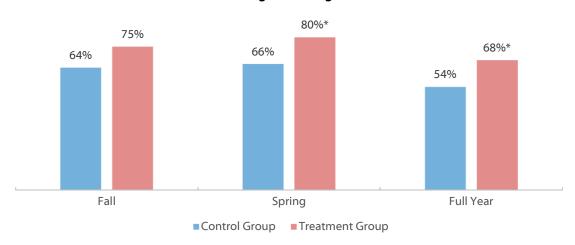
Text Nudges Can be Used to Improve Two-year Outcomes During a Student's Academic Career





The sending of targeted messaging via text messages at key intervals is commonly referred to as a "text nudge". Text nudges have been found to have positive effects in facilitating increased rates of annual FAFSA completion, and in promoting retention and attainment, for a minimal cost to the institution. A series of studies on text nudges used in varying contexts have suggested that text nudges may provide a low-cost alternative or supplement to other more intensive methods of outreach during a student's academic career, but are limited in effectiveness for some groups of students.

Researchers from the University of Virginia and the University of Pittsburgh used a randomized controlled trial design to examine the impact of text nudges on FAFSA re-filing rates among college freshmen. Text nudges containing information on where to obtain help with financial aid, important deadlines and requirements, and offering assistance related to financial aid and were sent to a randomly assigned group of community college freshmen during the 2012-13 academic year. Outreach took place over the course of approximately seven months with messages approximately every two weeks. Text nudges designed to provide important information and prompting concerning annual refiling of FAFSA have been found to be highly effective among community college students. Freshman community college students who received text nudges were nearly 12 percent more likely to persist into the fall of their sophomore year and were 14 percent more likely to persist into the spring.

Text messages represent a viable cost-effective option and are a valuable tool as part of a set of strategies to impact academic accessibility, persistence, and attainment; however, used alone, text nudges are likely to be inadequate for the overall student population. While impacts are substantial in some cases, effects are consistently limited to specific groups of students, often those with low availability of resources.

*Statistically significant at the 0.05 level (p<0.05).

